SAFETY DATA SHEET SPA FROG[®] Bromine Cartridge

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of t	ne substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier			
Product name	SPA FROG® Bromine Cartridge		
Norway - PIB number:	83529		
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses	For use as a spa and hot tub disinfectant/sanitizer. Not intended for direct application to humans or animals.		
Uses advised against	Use only for intended applications.		
1.3. Details of the supplier of t	he safety data sheet		
Manufacturer	King Technology, Inc. 530 11th Ave S Hopkins, MN 55343 United States 1+ (952) 933-6118 sdsinfo@kingtechnology.com		
1.4. Emergency telephone nur	nber		
Emergency telephone	1+ (800) 424-9300 - Chemtrec (24 hours)		
National emergency telephone number	 Denmark: 82 12 12 12 France: + 33 (0)1 45 42 59 59 Norway - Poison Information Center: 22 59 13 00 Portugal: 808 250 143 Sweden: 112 (ask for poison information) 		
SECTION 2: Hazards identific	ation		
2.1. Classification of the subst	ance or mixture		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)			
Physical hazards	Ox. Sol. 2 - H272		
Health hazards	Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Acute 1 - H400		
2.2. Label elements Hazard pictograms			

Signal word

Hazard statements

Danger H302+H332 Harn

H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.

Precautionary statements	 P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 Keep out of reach of children. P103 Read label before use. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P220 Keep away from combustible materials. P260 Do not breathe dust. P261 Avoid breathing dust. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. P301+P313 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P304+P352 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/ doctor. P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label). P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish. P391 Collect spillage. P405 Store locked up.
	P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Contains	Bromochloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin
2.3. Other hazards	
Other	May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
SECTION 3: Composition/info	rmation on ingredients
3.2. Mixtures	
Bromochloro-5,5-dimethylhyd	lantoin 98%
CAS number: 32718-18-6	EC number: 251-171-5
M factor (Acute) = 1	
Classification Ox. Sol. 2 - H272 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400	

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.	
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.	
Ingestion	Get medical attention immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation.	
Skin contact	It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not rub eye. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.	
Protection of first aiders	It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Severe irritation of nose and throat. Shortness of breath. Headache. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.	
Ingestion	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.	
Skin contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.	
4.3. Indication of any immediat	e medical attention and special treatment needed	
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting measure	ures	
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards	Dust may form explosive mixture with air. May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser. This product is toxic. Severe corrosive hazard. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Very toxic or corrosive gases or vapours. Water used for fire extinguishing, which has been in contact with the product, may be corrosive.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Very toxic or corrosive gases or vapours.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Regular protection may not be safe. Wear chemical protective suit. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
SECTION 6: Accidental releas	e measures
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of dust. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
6.2. Environmental precaution	S
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Do not use sawdust or other combustible material. This product is corrosive. Provide adequate ventilation. Collect spillage with a shovel and broom, or similar and reuse, if possible. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
6.4. Reference to other section	ns
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. This product is corrosive. Immediate first aid is imperative. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.		
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.		
7.2. Conditions for safe storag	7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store at temperatures not exceeding 30°C/86°F. Store locked up. Keep away from flammable and combustible materials. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage.		
Storage class	Oxidiser storage.		
7.3. Specific end use(s)			
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.		
SECTION 8: Exposure control	s/Personal protection		

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Manufacturer's recommendation: 0.1 mg/m³ (8-hour TWA)

ACGIH-TLV: Not determined.

Germany MAK Not determined.

UK (WEL) - TWA Not determined.

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Eye/face protection

Hand protection



Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a fullface respirator may be required instead.

Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Respiratory protection	Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Tablet. Granules.	
Colour	White/off-white.	
Melting point	Not applicable.	
Initial boiling point and range	Not applicable.	
Flash point	Not applicable.	
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.	
Evaporation factor	Not applicable.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	0.00935 Pa @ 25°C/77°F	
Vapour density	Not applicable.	
Relative density	1.8-2.0	
Solubility(ies)	0.22 g/100 g water @ 25°C/77°F 2.5 g/100 g benzene @ 25°C/77°F	
Partition coefficient	Kow: < 1	
Auto-ignition temperature	No information available.	
Decomposition Temperature	160°C/320°F	
Viscosity	Not applicable.	
Explosive properties	Dust may form explosive mixture with air.	
Oxidising properties	Oxidiser	
9.2. Other information		
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Moisture. Keep at temperature not exceeding 160°C/320°F.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	Reducing agents. Flammable/combustible materials. Hydrocarbons. Organic cyanides (nitriles). Esters. Some metals.
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	on products
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Corrosive gases or vapours.
SECTION 11: Toxicological in	formation
11.1. Information on toxicologi	ical effects
Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Harmful if swallowed.
ATE oral (mg/kg)	947.96
Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Harmful if inhaled.
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)	1.53
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Causes severe burns.
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Corrosive to skin. Corrosivity to eyes is assumed.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.
Reproductive toxicity	

Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure		
STOT - single exposure	ngle exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.		
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure		
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.		
Aspiration hazard			
Aspiration hazard	Not relevant. Solid.		
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.		
Inhalation	Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe irritation of nose and throat.		
Ingestion	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.		
Skin contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.		
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact		
Target organs	No specific target organs known.		
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies.		
	- 		

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Bromochloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	929.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	929.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)	1.5
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Ames test: Positive.

Gene mutation: Positive.

Genotoxicity - in	vivo	Micronucleus assay
		Negative.
		DNA damage and/or repair: Negative.
Carcinogenicity		
IARC carcinoger	nicity	Not listed.
NTP carcinogen	icity	Not listed.
SECTION 12: Ecological infor	mation	
12.1. Toxicity		
Toxicity	Aquatic	Acute 1 - H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
Ecological information on ingr	edients.	
		Bromochloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin
Acute aquatic to	xicity	
LE(C)50		$0.1 < L(E)C50 \le 1$
M factor (Acute)		1
Acute toxicity - fi	sh	LC₅₀, 96 hour: 0.4 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) LC₅₀, 96 hour: 0.46 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill) LC₅₀, 96 hour: 1.6 mg/l, Cyprinodon variegatus (Sheepshead minnow)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates		LC₅₀, 48 hour: 0.75 mg/l, Daphnia magna
12.2. Persistence and degrad	ability	
Persistence and degradability	The deg	radability of the product is not known.
Ecological information on ingr	edients.	
		Bromochloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin
Persistence and degradability		The product is biodegradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potenti	al	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data	available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coefficient	Kow: < 2	1
Ecological information on ingr	edients.	
		Bromochloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin
Bioaccumulative	potential	The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.
12.4. Mobility in soil	Peteriaa	
Mobility	No data	available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPv		
Ecological information on ingr		
		Bromochloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal c	onsiderations
13.1. Waste treatment me	ethods
General information	Following dilution, discharge to the sewer with plenty of water may be permitted.
	 This product is covered by the regulations governing hazardous waste. Waste code: EAL 200129
	 Packaging with residual content of product must be delivered according to the same provisions as for the product.
	 Follow all local, regional, national and international laws.
Waste class	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.
SECTION 14: Transport i	nformation
General	In small packages, such as most consumer sizes, the products may be eligible for limited

quantity exceptions. Details depend on package and mode of transport. If shipped in larger quantities, product is fully regulated as defined below.

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID)	3085
UN No. (IMDG)	3085
UN No. (ICAO)	3085
UN No. (ADN)	3085

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name
(ADR/RID)OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (CONTAINS Bromochloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin)Proper shipping name (IMDG)OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (CONTAINS Bromochloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin)Proper shipping name (ICAO)OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (CONTAINS Bromochloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin)

Proper shipping name (ADN) OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (CONTAINS Bromochloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class	5.1
ADR/RID subsidiary risk	8
ADR/RID classification code	OC2
ADR/RID label	5.1
IMDG class	5.1
IMDG subsidiary risk	8
ICAO class/division	5.1
ICAO subsidiary risk	8

ADN class	5.1
ADN subsidiary risk	8
Transport labels	



14.4. Packing group

II
II
II
II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS	F-A, S-Q	
ADR transport category	2	
Emergency Action Code	1W	
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	58	
Tunnel restriction code	(E)	
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code		

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulationsHealth and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure EquipmentRegulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

EU legislation This product is currently being evaluated in the Review Programme for approval under REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012 (BPR). Per Article 15 (2) of REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), active substances which are under evaluation are regarded as being registered under REACH.

> Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

Norway - PIB number 83529

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Not applicable in accordance with Article 15(2) and Article 16 of REACH and Article 57 of BPR.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

EINECS All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Canada - DSL/NDSL

DSL All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US - TSCA

This product is registered under FIFRA. BCDMH is listed in the TSCA inventory under CAS 16079-88-2. TSCA: EPA number P-94-34. Subject to reporting under SNUR - any use. (40 CFR 721).

Australia - AICS All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Japan - ENCS All the ingredients are listed or exempt. ENCS No. 5-6368

Korea - KECI

All the ingredients are listed or exempt. KE-03634

China - IECSC All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Philippines – PICCS All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

New Zealand - NZIOC All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Taiwan - TCSIAll the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	 ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Ox. Sol. = Oxidising solid Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4 - H332: Acute Tox. 4 - H302: Eye Dam. 1 - H318: Skin Corr. 1B - H314: Skin Sens. 1 - H317: : Calculation method. Aquatic Acute 1 - H400: : Calculation method. Ox. Sol. 2 - H272: : Expert judgement.
Revision date	07/06/2019
Revision	2
Supersedes date	16/04/2019
SDS number	4809
Hazard statements in full	 H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

The information provided on the SDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information, and belief at the date of this publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal, and release, and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.